

# Chapter 1

## Surjections, injections and bijections

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[readtex foundations/sections/06\_maps.ftl.tex]

### 1.1 Surjective maps

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**Definition 1.1.** Let  $f$  be a map and  $B$  be a class.  $f$  is surjective onto  $B$  iff  $\text{range}(f) = B$ .

Let  $f$  surjects onto  $B$  stand for  $f$  is surjective onto  $B$ . Let a surjective map onto  $B$  stand for a map that is surjective onto  $B$ .

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**Definition 1.2.** Let  $A, B$  be classes. A surjective map from  $A$  to  $B$  is a map of  $A$  that is surjective onto  $B$ .

Let a surjective map from  $A$  onto  $B$  stand for a surjective map from  $A$  to  $B$ . Let  $f : A \twoheadrightarrow B$  stand for  $f$  is a surjective map from  $A$  onto  $B$ .

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**Proposition 1.3.** Let  $B$  be a class and  $f$  be a map to  $B$ .  $f$  is surjective onto  $B$  iff every element of  $B$  is a value of  $f$ .

*Proof.* Case  $f$  is surjective onto  $B$ . Then  $B = \text{range}(f)$ . Let  $b$  be an element of  $B$ . Then  $b \in \text{range}(f)$ . Hence  $b$  is a value of  $f$ . End.

Case every element of  $B$  is a value of  $f$ . Let us show that  $B \subseteq \text{range}(f)$ . Let  $b \in B$ . Then  $b$  is a value of  $f$ . Hence  $b \in \text{range}(f)$ . End.

Let us show that  $\text{range}(f) \subseteq B$ . Let  $b \in \text{range}(f)$ . Then  $b$  is a value of  $f$ . Hence  $b \in B$ . End. End.  $\square$

## 1.2 Injective maps

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**Definition 1.4.** Let  $f$  be a map.  $f$  is injective iff for all  $a, a' \in \text{dom}(f)$  if  $f(a) = f(a')$  then  $a = a'$ .

Let  $f : A \hookrightarrow B$  stand for  $f$  is an injective map from  $A$  to  $B$ .

## 1.3 Bijective maps

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**Definition 1.5.** Let  $A, B$  be classes. A bijection between  $A$  and  $B$  is an injective map of  $A$  that is surjective onto  $B$ .

Let a bijection from  $A$  to  $B$  stand for a bijection between  $A$  and  $B$ .

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**Proposition 1.6.** Let  $A, B$  be classes and  $f : A \hookrightarrow B$ . Then  $f$  is a bijection between  $A$  and  $\text{range}(f)$ .

*Proof.*  $f$  is injective and surjects onto  $\text{range}(f)$ . Hence  $f$  is a bijection between  $A$  and  $\text{range}(f)$ .  $\square$

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**Definition 1.7.** Let  $A$  be a class. A permutation of  $A$  is a bijection between  $A$  and  $A$ .

## 1.4 Some basic facts

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**Proposition 1.8.** Let  $A$  be a class. Then  $\text{id}_A$  is a permutation of  $A$ .

*Proof.* (1)  $\text{id}_A$  is a map on  $A$ .

(2)  $\text{id}_A$  is surjective onto  $A$ .

*Proof.* Let  $a \in A$ . Then  $a = \text{id}_A(a)$ . Hence  $a \in \text{range}(\text{id}_A)$ . Qed.

(3)  $\text{id}_A$  is injective.

*Proof.* Let  $a, a' \in A$ . Assume  $\text{id}_A(a) = \text{id}_A(a')$ . Then  $a = a'$ . Qed.  $\square$

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**Proposition 1.9.** Let  $A, B, C$  be classes and  $f : A \rightarrow B$  and  $g : B \rightarrow C$ . Then  $g \circ f$  is a surjective map from  $A$  onto  $C$ .

*Proof.*  $g \circ f$  is a map of  $A$ .

Let us show that  $g \circ f$  is surjective onto  $C$ . Let  $c \in C$ . Take  $b \in B$  such that  $c = g(b)$ . Take  $a \in A$  such that  $b = f(a)$ . Then  $c = g(f(a)) = (g \circ f)(a)$ . End.  $\square$

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**Proposition 1.10.** Let  $A, B, C$  be classes and  $f : A \hookrightarrow B$  and  $g : B \hookrightarrow C$ . Then  $g \circ f$  is an injective map from  $A$  to  $C$ .

*Proof.*  $g \circ f$  is a map of  $A$ .

Let us show that  $g \circ f$  is injective. Let  $a, a' \in A$ . Assume  $(g \circ f)(a) = (g \circ f)(a')$ .

Then  $g(f(a)) = g(f(a'))$ . Hence  $f(a) = f(a')$ . Indeed  $f(a), f(a') \in B$ . Thus  $a = a'$ .  
End.  $\square$

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**Corollary 1.11.** Let  $A, B, C$  be classes. Let  $f$  be a bijection between  $A$  and  $B$  and  $g$  be a bijection between  $B$  and  $C$ . Then  $g \circ f$  is a bijection between  $A$  and  $C$ .

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**Proposition 1.12.** Let  $A, B$  be classes and  $f : A \leftrightarrow B$  and  $X \subseteq A$ . Then  $f \upharpoonright X$  is injective.

*Proof.* Let  $a, a' \in X$ . Assume  $(f \upharpoonright X)(a) = (f \upharpoonright X)(a')$ . Then  $f(a) = f(a')$ . Hence  $a = a'$ .  $\square$

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**Proposition 1.13.** Let  $A, B$  be classes and  $f : A \leftrightarrow B$  and  $X \subseteq A$ . Then  $f \upharpoonright X$  is a bijection between  $X$  and  $f_*(X)$ .

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**Corollary 1.14.** Let  $A, B$  be classes and  $f : A \leftrightarrow B$ . Then  $f$  is a bijection between  $A$  and  $f_*(A)$ .